

$a < 0 \quad m \quad u \rightarrow$

$$2.78 \quad \textcircled{2} \quad f' = \frac{(8x+2a)(4x^2-1) - 8x(4x^2+2ax+a)}{(4x^2-1)^2} =$$

$$\frac{32x^3 - 8x + 8ax^2 - 2a - 32x^3 - 16ax^2 - 8ax}{(4x^2-1)^2} = \frac{-8ax^2 - 8x(1+a) - 2a}{(4x^2-1)^2}$$

$x = \pm \frac{1}{2}$ $\Delta = 64(1+a) - 32a(-2a) = 64a^2 + 128a + 64 = 64(a+1)^2$

$\Delta > 0 \quad 128a+64 > 0 \quad 128a-64 = 0 \quad 128a-64 < 0$
 $a > -\frac{1}{2} \quad a = -\frac{1}{2} \quad a < -\frac{1}{2}$

$\leftarrow a = \frac{1}{2} \leftarrow -8a = -4 \rightarrow -2a - 4 - 4a - 2a \quad x = \frac{1}{2}$
 $a = -\frac{1}{2} \leftarrow +8a = -4 \rightarrow -2a + 4 + 4a - 2a \quad x = -\frac{1}{2}$

$$f(x) = \frac{4x^2 + 8x + 4}{4x^2 - 1} = \frac{4(x+1)^2}{4x^2 - 1}$$

$\textcircled{2} \quad (1) \quad x \neq \pm \frac{1}{2}$
 $(2) \quad (0, -4) \quad (-1, 0)$
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}^+} \frac{4(x+1)^2}{4x^2-1} = \frac{4(\frac{3}{2})^2}{\frac{1}{4}-1} = \frac{9}{-\frac{3}{4}} = -12$
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}^-} \frac{4(x+1)^2}{4x^2-1} = \frac{4(\frac{3}{2})^2}{\frac{1}{4}-1} = -\infty$
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2}^+} \frac{4(x+1)^2}{4x^2-1} = \frac{4(\frac{1}{2})^2}{\frac{1}{4}-1} = \frac{1}{-\frac{3}{4}} = -\frac{4}{3}$
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2}^-} \frac{4(x+1)^2}{4x^2-1} = \frac{4(\frac{1}{2})^2}{\frac{1}{4}-1} = \infty$

$m = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4(x+1)^2}{4x^2-1} = 0, \quad n = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4(x+1)^2}{4x^2-1} = 4 \rightarrow y = 4$
 $(4-5) \quad f' = \frac{-32x^2 - 40x - 8}{(4x^2-1)^2} = \frac{-8(4x^2 + 5x + 1)}{(4x^2-1)^2} = \frac{-8(x+1)(4x+1)}{(4x^2-1)^2} \rightarrow x = -1, x = -\frac{1}{4}$

-2	-1	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$-\frac{1}{4}$	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$-\frac{1}{4}$	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	1
	0	+	+	+	+	0	-	-
	min					max		

$\min(-1, 0) \quad -1 < x < -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} < x < -\frac{1}{4}$
 $\max(-\frac{1}{4}, -3) \quad x < -1, -\frac{1}{4} < x < \frac{1}{2}, x > \frac{1}{2}$

