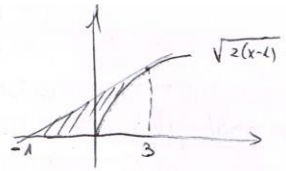


2.8  
4



$$y' = \frac{2}{2\sqrt{2x-2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2x-2}}$$
$$y'(3) = \frac{1}{2}$$

mit  $m = \frac{1}{2}$  (3,2) ? nach  $y$  auflösen

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\pi \int_{-1}^3 \left( \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{2} \right)^2 dx - \int_0^3 (2x-2) dx =$$

$$\pi \left[ \frac{x^3}{12} + \frac{1}{4}x^2 + \frac{1}{4}x \Big|_{-1}^3 + (-x^2 + 2x) \Big|_0^3 \right] = \pi \left[ \left( \frac{27}{12} + \frac{9}{4} + \frac{3}{4} \right) - \left( -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{4} \right) + (-9+6) \right] = 2\frac{1}{3}\pi$$