

$$\frac{1.33}{6} \textcircled{a} 2 \log_a x = \frac{2 \log_a x}{\log_a a^2} = \frac{2 \log_a x}{2} = \log_a x$$

\downarrow
 $a^{\text{faktoriel}} \text{ ois } a^2 = 100$

$$\textcircled{b} \frac{1}{2} \log_a x^2 + \frac{1}{4} \log_a (x-1)^2 = \log_a (\log_{\frac{1}{17}} 7)$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \log_a x^2 + \frac{1}{4} \log_a (x-1)^2 = \log_a (2)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \log_a |x| + \frac{1}{2} \log_a |x-1| = \log_a 2$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \log_a (|x| |x-1|) = \log_a 2$$

$$\sqrt{|x| |x-1|} = 2$$

$$|x| |x-1| = 4$$

$$x < 0 \quad \begin{cases} +x(x-1) = 4 \\ x^2 - x - 4 = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$x_{1,2} = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{17}}{2}$$

$$\text{faktoriel} \quad \frac{1 - \sqrt{17}}{2}$$

$$\text{faktoriel} \quad \frac{1 + \sqrt{17}}{2}$$

$$0 < x < 1$$

$$-x(x-1) = 4$$

$$x^2 - x + 4 = 0$$

$$\emptyset$$

$$x > 1$$

$$x(x-1) = 4$$

$$\dots \frac{1 + \sqrt{17}}{2}$$

$$x \neq 1 \leftarrow (x-1)^2 \neq 0$$

$$x \neq 0 \leftarrow x^2 \neq 0$$