

1.43
2

$$\sqrt[3]{(a+x)^2} + 4\sqrt[3]{(a-x)^2} = 5\sqrt[3]{a^2-x^2} \quad | ()^3$$

$$(a+x)^2 + 12\sqrt[3]{(a+x)^4(a-x)^2} + 48\sqrt[3]{(a+x)^2(a-x)^4} + 64(a-x)^2 = 125(a^2-x^2)$$

$$(a+x)^2 + 12\sqrt[3]{(a+x)^2(a-x)^2} \left[\sqrt[3]{(a+x)^2} + 4\sqrt[3]{(a-x)^2} \right] + 64(a-x)^2 = 125(a^2-x^2)$$

$$(a+x)^2 + 64(a-x)^2 + 12\sqrt[3]{(a+x)^2(a-x)^2} \cdot 5\sqrt[3]{a^2-x^2} = \cancel{60\sqrt[3]{(a+x)^3(a-x)^3}} + 60\sqrt[3]{(a+x)^3(a-x)^3} + 125(a^2-x^2)$$

$$60\sqrt[3]{(a+x)^3(a-x)^3} =$$

$$(a+x)^2 + 64(a-x)^2 + 60(a+x)(a-x) = 125(a^2-x^2)$$

$$(a+x)^2 + 64(a-x)^2 = 65(a^2-x^2)$$

$$A^2 + 64B^2 = 65AB \quad | : B^2$$

$$\begin{array}{l} a+x=A \\ a-x=B \end{array} \quad | \text{No}$$

$$\frac{A^2}{B^2} - \frac{65A}{B} + 64 = 0$$

$$\frac{A}{B} = C \quad | \text{No}$$

$$c^2 - 65c + 64 = 0$$

$$c = 64 \rightarrow \frac{A}{B} = 64 \rightarrow A = 64B \rightarrow a+x = 64(a-x) \rightarrow x = \frac{63a}{65}$$

$$c = 1 \rightarrow \frac{A}{B} = 1 \rightarrow A = B \rightarrow a+x = a-x$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 2x=0 \\ x=0 \end{array}$$