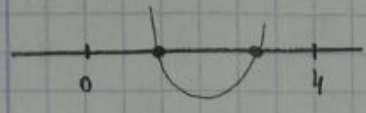


? $[0, 4]$ $\Delta \geq 0$ $2(x-m)^2 + x + m - 4 = 0$



$f(0) \geq 0, f(4) \geq 0, 0 \leq \frac{-b}{2a} \leq 4, \Delta \geq 0$

$\Delta \geq 0$

$(1-4m)^2 - 4 \cdot 2 \cdot (2m^2 + m - 4) \geq 0$

$1 - 8m + 16m^2 - 16m^2 - 8m + 32 \geq 0$

$33 > 16m$

$m < \frac{33}{16}$

$m < 2\frac{1}{16}$

$0 \leq \frac{b}{2a} \leq 4$

$0 < \frac{4m-1}{4} < 4$

$0 < 4m-1 < 16$

$1 < 4m < 17$

$\frac{1}{4} \leq m \leq \frac{17}{4}$

$2(x^2 - 2mx + m^2) + x + m - 4 = 0$

$2x^2 - 4mx + 2m^2 + x + m - 4 = 0$

$2x^2 + (1-4m)x + 2m^2 + m$

$f(4) \geq 0$

$2(16 - 8m + m^2) + 4 + m - 4 \geq 0$

$32 - 16m + 2m^2 + m \geq 0$

$2m^2 - 15m + 32 \geq 0$

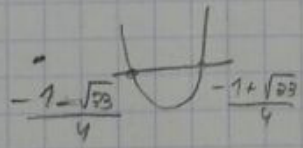
$m \in [0, 17/4]$

$f(0) \geq 0$

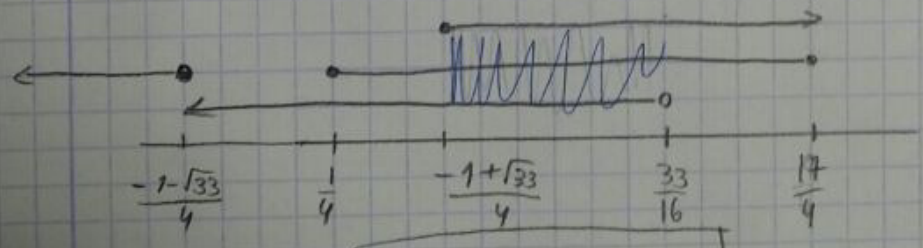
$2m^2 + m - 4 \geq 0$

$m_{1,2} = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1 - 4 \cdot 2 \cdot (-4)}}{4} =$

$\frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{33}}{4} \rightarrow \begin{matrix} \nearrow \frac{-1 + \sqrt{33}}{4} \\ \searrow \frac{-1 - \sqrt{33}}{4} \end{matrix}$



$m \leq \frac{-1 - \sqrt{33}}{4} \text{ or } m \geq \frac{-1 + \sqrt{33}}{4}$



$\frac{-1 + \sqrt{33}}{4} \leq m < \frac{33}{16}$