

118 | 1

2. $x^2 - 2|m|x + m^2 - 1 = 0$

$f(4) \geq 0$. III $f(-2) \geq 0$. II $\Delta > 0$. I $\therefore p \geq 2$

$-2 \leq \frac{-b}{2a} \leq 4$. IV

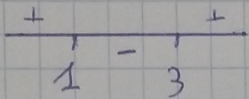
I. $4|m|^2 - 4m^2 + 4 = 4 > 0 \implies m \in \mathbb{R}$

II. $4 + 4|m| + m^2 - 1 = 0$

$\therefore m < 0$ \therefore $\Delta \geq 0$

$m^2 - 4m + 3 \geq 0$

$(m-3)(m-1) \geq 0$



$(m < 1 \quad m > 3) \cap (m < 0)$

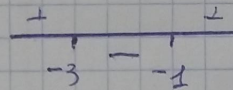
$m < 0$ - p.d.

$\therefore m \geq 0$ \therefore $\Delta \geq 0$

$4 + 4m + m^2 - 1 \geq 0$

$m^2 + 4m + 3 \geq 0$

$(m+3)(m+1) \geq 0$



$(m < -3 \quad m > -1) \cap m \geq 0$

$m \geq 0$ - p.d.

Final result of m

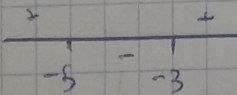
III $16 - 8|m| + m^2 - 1 \geq 0$

$m^2 - 8|m| + 15 \geq 0$

$\therefore m < 0$ \therefore $\Delta \geq 0$

$m^2 + 8m + 15 \geq 0$

$(m+5)(m+3) \geq 0$



$(m \leq -5 \quad m \geq -3) \cap m < 0$

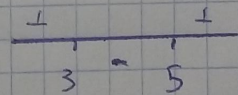
$-3 \leq m < 0$

$m \leq -5$

$\therefore m \geq 0$ \therefore $\Delta \geq 0$

$m^2 - 8m + 15 \geq 0$

$(m-5)(m-3) \geq 0$



$(m \leq 3 \quad m \geq 5) \cap m \geq 0$

$0 \leq m \leq 3$

$m \geq 5$

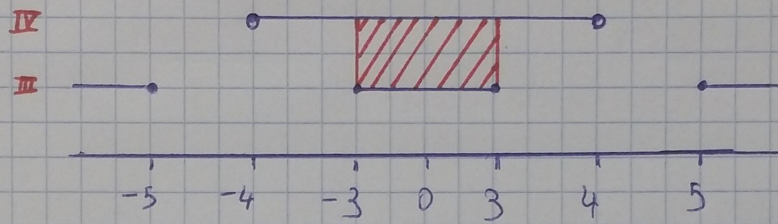
IV.

$$-2 < \frac{2|m|}{2} < 4$$

↓

$$-4 < m < 4$$

solu'od



$$-3 \leq m \leq 3$$