

$x^{k-1} \quad x^k \quad \dots \quad x^{n-1}$   
 (n-1) - (k-1) + 1 = n-k+1  
 n = n-k+1  $q_i = x^{k-1}$   
 $S = \frac{x^{k-1} (x^{n-k+1} - 1)}{x-1} = \frac{x^n - x^{k-1}}{x-1}$

(1) (2) אם ניקח כל שורה בנפרד נקבל  
 $1 + 2x + 3x^2 + 4x^3 + \dots + nx^{n-1}$   
 $S = 1 + 2x + 3x^2 + \dots + nx^{n-1}$   
 $Sx = x + 2x^2 + 3x^3 + \dots + (n-1)x^{n-1} + nx^n$   
 $S - Sx = 1 + x + x^2 + x^3 + \dots + x^{n-1} - nx^n$

$S(1-x) = \frac{1 \cdot (x^n - 1)}{x-1} - nx^n \Rightarrow (1-x)S = \frac{-x^{n+1} - 1}{1-x} - nx^n$   
 $(1-x)S = \frac{1-x^n - nx^{n+1} + nx^{n+1}}{1-x} \Rightarrow S = \frac{1-x^n - nx^{n+1} + nx^{n+1}}{(1-x)^2} = \frac{1-x^n(n+1) + nx^{n+1}}{(1-x)^2}$

(3) אם נציב בקטנו  $x=3$   $n=100$   
 $2 \cdot 3 + 3 \cdot 9 + \dots + 100 \cdot 3^{99} =$   
 $\frac{1 - 3^{100} (100+1) + 100 \cdot 3^{101}}{(1-3)^2} = \frac{1 - 101 \cdot 3^{100} + 100 \cdot 3^{101} - 4}{4} = \frac{3^{100} (-101 + 300) - 3}{4}$   
 $= \frac{199 \cdot 3^{100} - 3}{4}$