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$$\frac{\cot^2(x) [1 + \cot(x)] - 3}{\sin(x) - \cos(x)} = 3\cot(x)$$

$$\left| x \neq \frac{\pi}{4} + 2\pi k \right|$$

$$\left| x \neq \pi k \right| \leftarrow \sin x \neq \cos x$$

$$\frac{\sin x \neq \cos x}{: \cot x}$$

$$\cot^2 x \left(1 + \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} \right) - 3 = 3\cot x \sin x - 3\cot^2 x \quad | : \sin^2 x$$

$$\cot^2 x (1 + \cot x) - \frac{3}{\sin^2 x} = 3\cot x - 3\cot^2 x$$

$$\cot^2 x + \cot^3 x - 3(1 + \cot^2 x) = 3\cot x - 3\cot^2 x$$

$$\cot^3 x + \cot^2 x - 3\cot x - 3 = 0$$

$$\cot^2 x (\cot x + 1) - 3(\cot x + 1) = 0$$

$$(\cot^2 x - 3)(\cot x + 1) = 0$$

$$\cot x = \sqrt{3} \rightarrow$$

$$\cot x = -\sqrt{3} \rightarrow$$

$$\cot x = -1 \rightarrow$$

$$x = \frac{\pi}{6} + \pi k$$

$$x = -\frac{\pi}{6} + \pi k$$

$$x = -\frac{\pi}{4} + \pi k$$