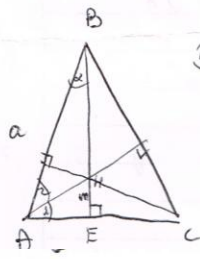


2.83  
6



(c)

$\angle C = 90 - \alpha$   
 $\angle A_1 = \alpha$   
 $\angle A_2 = 90 - 2\alpha$

$\triangle AHB: \frac{AH}{\sin \alpha} = \frac{AB}{\sin(90 + \alpha)} \rightarrow AH = \frac{a \sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = a \tan \alpha$

(d)

$\frac{HE}{AH} = \sin \alpha \rightarrow \frac{m}{a \tan \alpha} = \sin \alpha$

$m = \frac{a \sin^2 \alpha}{\cos \alpha} \rightarrow m \cos \alpha = a(1 - \cos^2 \alpha)$

$a \cos^2 \alpha + m \cos \alpha - a = 0 \quad \cos \alpha = \frac{-m \pm \sqrt{m^2 + 4a^2}}{2a}$

$\cdot \cos \alpha > 0 \Rightarrow \alpha < 90^\circ \Rightarrow + \sqrt{\quad}$

$\cos \alpha = \frac{-9 + \sqrt{81 + 1600}}{40} = \frac{-9 + 41}{40} = \frac{4}{5} \quad \text{(e)}$

$\sin \alpha = \sqrt{1 - (\frac{4}{5})^2} = \frac{3}{5} \rightarrow \tan \alpha = \frac{3}{4}$

$S = \frac{AB \cdot AC \cdot \sin \angle A}{2}$

$AE = \sqrt{AH^2 - HE^2} = \sqrt{(20 \cdot \frac{3}{4})^2 - 9^2} = 12$

$AC = 2AE = 24$

$\sin \angle A = \sin(90 - \alpha) = \cos \alpha = \frac{4}{5}$

$S = \frac{20 \cdot 24 \cdot \frac{4}{5}}{2} = 192$