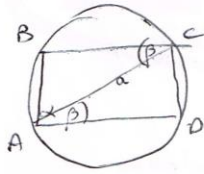


2.85  
6



$$\begin{aligned}
 S &= S_{\triangle ABC} + S_{\triangle ACD} = & (1) \\
 &= \frac{a^2 \sin \alpha \sin(\alpha - \beta)}{2 \sin \alpha} + \frac{a^2 \sin \beta \sin(\beta + \alpha)}{2 \sin \alpha} \\
 &= \frac{a^2 \sin \beta}{2 \sin \alpha} [\sin(\alpha - \beta) + \sin(\alpha + \beta)] = \\
 &= \frac{a^2 \sin \beta}{2 \sin \alpha} 2 \sin \alpha \cos \beta = a^2 \sin \beta \cos \beta = \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} a^2 \sin 2\beta
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\triangle ABC \quad \frac{AC}{\sin(90^\circ)} = 2R \rightarrow \boxed{R = \frac{a}{2 \sin \alpha}} \quad (2)$$

$$S_{\text{circle}} = \pi R^2 = \frac{\pi a^2}{4 \sin^2 \alpha}$$

$$\frac{S_{\text{circle}}}{S_{\triangle ABC}} = \frac{\frac{\pi a^2}{4 \sin^2 \alpha}}{\frac{1}{2} a^2 \sin 2\beta} = \frac{2\pi}{4 \sin^2 \alpha \sin 2\beta} = \frac{\pi}{2 \sin^2 \alpha \sin 2\beta}$$