

2.44
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$$\textcircled{1} \quad \sin \alpha - \sin \beta = g \alpha + h \beta$$

$$2 \sin \frac{\alpha+\beta}{2} g \frac{\alpha+\beta}{2} = 2 g \frac{\alpha+\beta}{2} g \frac{\alpha-\beta}{2}$$

$$2 g \frac{\alpha+\beta}{2} \left[\sin \frac{\alpha-\beta}{2} - g \frac{\alpha-\beta}{2} \right] = 0$$

$$\frac{\alpha+\beta}{2} = 0$$

$$\frac{\alpha+\beta}{2} = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\alpha+\beta = \pi$$

∴ root point is

$$\sin \frac{\alpha-\beta}{2} = \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{\alpha-\beta}{2} \right)$$

$$\frac{\alpha-\beta}{2} = \frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{\alpha-\beta}{2}$$

$$2 \frac{\alpha-\beta}{2} = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\alpha-\beta = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\boxed{\alpha = \beta + \frac{\pi}{2}}$$

$$\frac{\alpha-\beta}{2} = \pi - \frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{\alpha-\beta}{2}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad S = \frac{a^2 \sin \beta \sin \alpha}{2 \sin \alpha} = \frac{a^2 \sin \beta \sin(\alpha+\beta)}{2 \sin \alpha} = \frac{a^2 \sin(\alpha - \frac{\pi}{2}) \sin(\alpha - \frac{\pi}{2})}{2 \sin \alpha} =$$

$$= \frac{+ a^2 g \alpha g 2 \alpha}{2 \sin \alpha} = c^2 \cot \alpha g 2 \alpha$$