

$$y = \frac{x^2}{x^2 + ax + 6}$$

$x \geq 1$ המספרים שלם המספרים a ושלם $0 < a$

$: 0 < a$

$$y' = \frac{2x(x^2 + ax + 6) - (2x + a) \cdot x^2}{[x^2 + ax + 6]^2}$$

פירוק (3N)

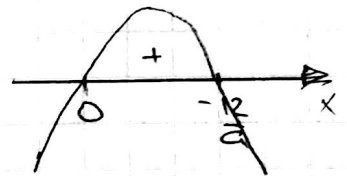
$$2x^3 + 2ax^2 + 12x - 2x^3 - ax^2 = 0$$

$$ax^2 + 12x = 0$$

$$x(ax + 12) = 0$$

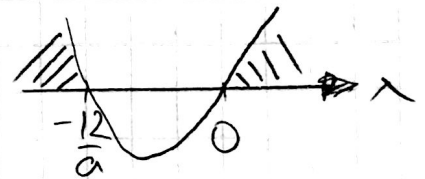
$$x = 0, x = -\frac{12}{a}$$

$a < 0$ נוסף



$a > 0$

$$x = 0, x = -\frac{12}{a}$$



המספרים שלם $x \geq 1$ אתהים $a > 0$ נוסף

סדרה 4 פרק 3.81 דוגמה

$$\text{Max } y\left(-\frac{12}{5}\right) = \frac{\frac{144}{25}}{\frac{144}{25} - 5 \cdot \frac{12}{5} + 6} \quad (4)$$

$$y\left(-\frac{12}{5}\right) = \frac{\frac{144}{25}}{\frac{144 - 300 + 150}{25}} = \frac{144}{-6} = -24$$

$$\text{Min } y(0) = 0$$

$$y = \frac{x^2}{x^2 + 5x + 6} = \frac{x^2}{(x+2)(x+3)}$$

$$x \neq -2, -3 \quad \text{:גבול (1)}$$

אסימטוטה (2)

$$x = -2, -3 \quad \text{-אסימטוטה}$$

-אסימטוטה

$$m = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2}{x(x^2 + 5x + 6)} = 0$$

$$n = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2}{x^2 + 5x + 6} = 1$$

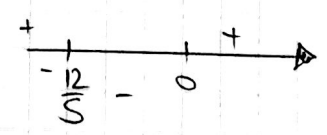
$$y = 1$$

$$y' = \frac{2x(x^2 + 5x + 6) - (2x + 5)x^2}{[(x+2)(x+3)]^2} \quad (3)$$

$$y' = \frac{10x^2 + 12x - 5x^2}{[(x+2)(x+3)]^2}$$

$$y' = 0 \quad (x \text{ של נקודות קיצון})$$

$$y' = x(5x + 12) = 0$$



$$x < -\frac{12}{5} \quad \text{-גבול ירידה}$$

$$x > 0$$

-גבול' ירידה

$$-\frac{12}{5} < x < 0$$

4-3.84 Bno fx (5)

