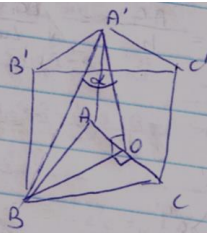
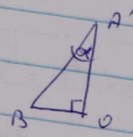


3.24
9

(E)



$$2 \cdot Bc' = 2a^3 + \frac{a^2}{2} \cdot 2a = 3a^3$$



$\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3}$... $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}a$...

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{OB}{A'O} \rightarrow A'O = \frac{\sqrt{3}a}{2 \tan \alpha}$$

$$A'A = \sqrt{A'O'^2 - A'O^2} = \sqrt{\frac{3a^2}{4 \tan^2 \alpha} - \frac{a^2}{4}} = \frac{a}{2} \sqrt{\frac{3}{\tan^2 \alpha} - 1} = \frac{a}{2 \tan \alpha} \sqrt{3 - \tan^2 \alpha}$$

$$V = \frac{1}{3} \cdot \text{area of base} \cdot \text{height} = \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}a^2}{4} \cdot \frac{a}{2 \tan \alpha} \sqrt{3 - \tan^2 \alpha} = \frac{\sqrt{3}a^3}{8 \tan \alpha} \sqrt{3 - \tan^2 \alpha}$$

(1) $3 - 4 \sin^2 \alpha \geq 0$ is ...

$$\sin^2 \alpha < \frac{3}{4} \rightarrow -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} < \sin \alpha < \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$60^\circ - 120^\circ$