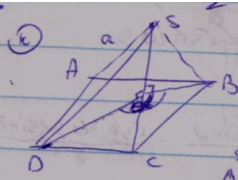


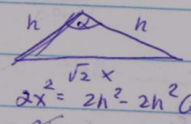
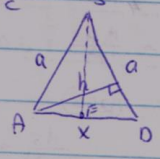
3.80



X → המרחק מהמרכז של בסיס ABC למ, המ

$$S_{ABD} = \frac{AD \cdot SE}{2} = \frac{x \sqrt{a^2 - \frac{x^2}{4}}}{2} = \frac{ha}{2} \rightarrow h = \frac{x}{a} \sqrt{a^2 - \frac{x^2}{4}}$$

$$h = \frac{x}{2a} \sqrt{4a^2 - x^2}$$

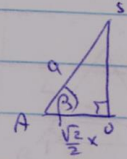


$$2x^2 = 2h^2(1 - \cos \alpha) = \frac{2x^2}{4a^2} (4a^2 - x^2)(\cos \alpha)$$

$$4a^2 = (4a^2 - x^2)(\cos \alpha) = 4a^2 \cos \alpha - x^2 \cos \alpha$$

$$x^2 = \frac{4a^2 \cos \alpha}{-1 + \cos \alpha} \rightarrow x = 2a \sqrt{\frac{\cos \alpha}{-1 + \cos \alpha}}$$

So if המרחק מהמרכז למ, המ



$$\cos \beta = \frac{AO}{AS} = \frac{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cdot 2a \sqrt{\frac{\cos \alpha}{-1 + \cos \alpha}}}{a} = \sqrt{\frac{2 \cos \alpha}{-1 + \cos \alpha}}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{2 \cos \alpha}{-1 + \cos \alpha}} = \sqrt{\frac{\cos \alpha}{-\sin^2 \frac{\alpha}{2}}} = \sqrt{\frac{-\cos^2 \frac{\alpha}{2} + \sin^2 \frac{\alpha}{2}}{\sin^2 \frac{\alpha}{2}}} = \sqrt{1 - \cot^2 \frac{\alpha}{2}}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \sin \beta = \sqrt{1 - \cos^2 \beta} = \sqrt{1 - (1 - \cot^2 \frac{\alpha}{2})} = \cot \frac{\alpha}{2} \rightarrow S_0 = a \sin \beta = a \cot \frac{\alpha}{2}$$

$$V = \frac{1}{3} S_{ABCD} \cdot S_0 = \frac{1}{3} x^2 \cdot S_0 = \frac{1}{3} \cdot 4a^2 \cdot \frac{\cos \alpha}{\cos \alpha - 1} = a \cot \frac{\alpha}{2} = \frac{1}{3} \cdot 4a^3 \cdot \frac{1}{2} (1 - \cot^2 \frac{\alpha}{2}) \cot \frac{\alpha}{2}$$

$$\left[\frac{\cos \alpha}{\cos \alpha - 1} = \frac{\cos \alpha}{-2 \sin^2 \frac{\alpha}{2}} = \frac{\sin^2 \frac{\alpha}{2} - \cos^2 \frac{\alpha}{2}}{2 \sin^2 \frac{\alpha}{2}} = \frac{1}{2} (1 - \cot^2 \frac{\alpha}{2}) \right] = \frac{2a^3}{3} \cot \frac{\alpha}{2} (1 - \cot^2 \frac{\alpha}{2})$$