

38 $2\sqrt{3}\sin^2 x + \sin x = 2\sqrt{3}$
 $2\sqrt{3}\sin^2 x + \sin x - 2\sqrt{3} = 0$

$\sin x_{1,2} = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1 - 4 \cdot 2\sqrt{3}(-2\sqrt{3})}}{2 \cdot 2\sqrt{3}} = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{49}}{4\sqrt{3}} = \frac{-1 \pm 7}{4\sqrt{3}}$

$\sin x \rightarrow$ איננו יכולים להיות

$\sin x = -1.15$
 איננו יכולים

$\sin x = \frac{6}{4\sqrt{3}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = \sin 60$

$x = 60 + 360^\circ k$
 $x = 120 + 360^\circ k$

49

$\tan(2x - 35) = 1$
 $\tan(2x - 35) = \tan 45$

$2x - 35 = 45 + 180^\circ k \quad / +35$

$2x = 80 + 180^\circ k \quad / :2$

$x = 40 + 90^\circ k$

62

$\cos 2x = \cos 5x$

$2x = 5x + 360^\circ k \quad / -5x$

$-3x = 360^\circ k \quad / :3$

$x = 120^\circ k$

$2x = -5x + 360^\circ k \quad / +5x$

$7x = 360^\circ k$

$x = 51.43^\circ k$

71

$\tan 2x (\tan x - 2) = 0$

$\tan 2x$

תנאי ההצטרף

↙

↓

\downarrow
 $\cos 2x \neq 0$

$x \neq \pm 45 + 180^\circ k$

$\tan 2x = 0, \tan x - 2 = 0$

$\tan 2x = \tan 0$

$\tan x = 2$

$2x = 180^\circ k$

$\tan x = \tan 63.43$

$x = 90^\circ k$

$x = 63.43 + 180^\circ k$

$\tan x \rightarrow \cos x \neq 0$

$x \neq \pm 90 + 360^\circ k$

הצטרף תנאי

84

$\tan x + \cot x = -\frac{1}{\sin^2 x}$

$\sin x (\sin x + \cos x) = 0$

$\frac{\sin x}{\cos x} + \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} = -\frac{1}{\sin^2 x}$

\downarrow
 $\sin x = 0$

$x = 360^\circ k$

$x = 180 + 360^\circ k$

הצטרף תנאי

$\sin x + \cos x = 0$

$\sin x = -\cos x \quad / : \cos x \neq 0$

$\frac{\sin x}{\cos x} = -1$

$\tan x = -1$

$x = -45 + 180^\circ k$

$\frac{\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x}{\cos x \sin x} = -\frac{1}{\sin^2 x}$

$\frac{1}{\cos x \sin x} = -\frac{1}{\sin^2 x}$

$\sin^2 x = -\cos x \sin x$

$\sin^2 x + \sin x \cos x = 0$

$x \neq 90 + 180^\circ k$

$x \neq 180^\circ k$

$\tan x$

$\cot x$

הצטרף תנאי