

$$\frac{AC}{\sin(180 - \alpha - \frac{90 - 2\alpha}{2})} = \frac{AO}{\sin(\frac{90 - 2\alpha}{2})} \quad \triangle AOC$$

$$AO = \frac{\sin(45 - \alpha)}{\sin 135} \cdot b$$

$\triangle AOD$ :  $\frac{DO}{AO} = \sin \alpha \rightarrow DO = \frac{\sin \alpha \sin(45 - \alpha)}{\sin 135} \cdot b$

$$\frac{1}{5} b = \frac{b \sin \alpha \sin(45 - \alpha)}{\sin 135} \quad /: b$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{10} = \sin \alpha \sin(45 - \alpha) = \frac{1}{2} (\cos(2\alpha - 45) - \cos 45) =$$

$\sin \cdot \sin$  formula

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{10} = \frac{1}{2} \cos(2\alpha - 45) - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{10} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} = \frac{1}{2} \cos(2\alpha - 45)$$

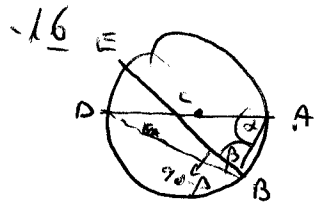
$$\cos(2\alpha - 45) = 0.9899 = \cos 8.13$$

$$2\alpha - 45 = 8.13$$

$$\alpha = 26.56^\circ$$

$$2\alpha - 45 = -8.13$$

$$\alpha = 18.435^\circ$$



$$\angle CPB = \angle DBC = 90 - \beta \leftarrow \begin{matrix} \text{MM} \\ \text{OP} \end{matrix} \angle B = 90$$

$\triangle ABP$   $\frac{AB}{2R} = \cos \alpha$

$$AB = 2R \cos \alpha$$

$\triangle ABC$   $\frac{AB}{\sin(180 - \alpha - \beta)} = \frac{AC}{\sin \beta}$   $AC = \frac{AB \sin \beta}{\sin(\alpha + \beta)} = \frac{2R \cos \alpha \sin \beta}{\sin(\alpha + \beta)}$

$$S_{ABC} = \frac{AC \cdot AB \sin \alpha}{2} = \frac{2R \cos \alpha \cdot 2R \cos \alpha \sin \beta \sin \alpha}{2 \sin(\alpha + \beta)} = \frac{2R^2 \cos^2 \alpha \sin \beta \sin \alpha}{\sin(\alpha + \beta)}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} R^2 = \frac{2R^2 \cos^2 \alpha \sin^2 \alpha}{\sin 2\alpha} = \frac{2R^2 \cos^2 \alpha \sin^2 \alpha}{2 \cos \alpha \sin \alpha} = R^2 \cos \alpha \sin \alpha = \frac{1}{2} R \sin 2\alpha$$

$$1 = \sin 2\alpha \rightarrow 2\alpha = 90 \rightarrow \alpha = 45$$