

38  
(776)  $y = \int y' = \pm \sqrt{x^2+5} - \frac{x^2}{6} + C$

$y' = 0 = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2+5}} - \frac{x}{3} \Rightarrow \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2+5}} = \frac{x}{3} \quad x=0$

$\sqrt{x^2+5} = 3 \Rightarrow |x| = \pm 2$

x	-4	-2	-1	0	1	2	4
y'	+		-		+		-
y	↗	max	↘	min	↗	max	↘

$C=0 \Leftrightarrow \max(2, 2\frac{1}{3}) \quad \text{min}(0, \sqrt{5})$   
 $\max(-2, 2\frac{1}{3})$

49  
(777)

$u = \sin^2 x$   
 $du = 2 \sin x \cos x dx$

$\frac{du}{2 \sin x \cos x} = dx$

$f = \int f' = \int (\cos x + \frac{\cos x}{\sin^2 x}) dx = \int \cos x dx + \int \frac{\cos x dx}{\sin^2 x} =$

$= + \sin x + \int \frac{\cos x du}{2 \sin x \cos x \cdot \sin^2 x} = + \sin x + \int \frac{du}{2 \sin^3 x} = + \sin x + \int \frac{du}{2 u^{3/2}}$

$(\frac{1}{2} u^{-1/2})$

$= + \sin x + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{-1}{\sqrt{u}} + C = + \sin x - \frac{1}{\sin x} + C$

$f' = 0 = \cos x + \frac{\cos x}{\sin^2 x} \Rightarrow \cos x (1 + \frac{1}{\sin^2 x}) = 0$

$C=0$

$\cos x = 0$

$x = \frac{\pi}{2} + 2\pi k \Rightarrow (\frac{\pi}{2}, 0) \text{ max}$

$x = -\frac{\pi}{2} + 2\pi k \Rightarrow (\frac{3\pi}{2}, 0) \text{ min}$

x	$\frac{\pi}{3}$	$\frac{\pi}{2}$	$\frac{2\pi}{3}$	$\frac{3\pi}{2}$	$\frac{5\pi}{3}$
y'	+		-		+
y	↗	max	↘	min	↗